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Marine Debris Program

- 1. NOAA Marine Debris Program
- 2. Alaska Orientation & Context
- 3. Debris in Region
- 4. Debris Sources
- 5. Debris Transport / Pathways
- 6. Source & Transport Benefits of Knowledge



Marine Debris Program

- Established in **2006** by Congress as the federal lead for marine debris in the US
- Vision: the global ocean and its coasts free from the impacts of marine debris

• Pillars:

- Removal
- Research
- Prevention
- Response
- **Regional** Coordination





Alaska Orientation



- Size
 - 16% of total US by area
- Infrastructure
 - Limited road system
- Seasonality
- Resource Importance
 - Economy
 - Subsistence
 - Culture & Traditional Use









Alaska MD Community



Below is a <u>sample</u> of partners who are active in the marine debris issue, but is by no means exhaustive

- NGO's / Small Business
 - Gulf of Alaska Keeper
 - Center for Alaskan Coastal Studies
 - Island Trails Network
 - Airborne Technologies, Inc.
 - Sitka Sound Science Center
 - Ocean Conservancy
 - Kawerak

• US Federal Agencies

- NOAA NMFS, Auke Bay Labs
- USFWS, USFS, NPS, USCG, DOI, and more!
- State of Alaska + Local Government
 - DEC, DF&G, Boroughs, Communities
 - North Slope Borough
- Native &/or Tribal Organizations
 - Aleut Community of St. Paul Island
 - Douglas Indian Association
 - Norton Sound Economic Development Corporation, etc.
 - Villages, Associations, Councils, Communities
- Academic
 - University of Alaska, Anchorage, Fairbanks
 - UAF Sea Grant
- Working Groups (not pictured)
 - PEG (Pinniped Entanglement Group)
 - Abandoned & Derelict Vessels Task Force



Marine Debris in Alaska - Orientation

- Quantity
 - High, & Highly Varied
- Location
 - Hotspots
 - Often Remote
- Composition
 - Fishing Gear
 - Consumer Debris
 - Shipping
- Challenges
 - Access
 - Seasonality
 - Disposal
 - <u>Source Identification</u>









Data Analysis + Observations

Alaska Top Ten - All Debris Types Buoys & Floats 4.6% Filmed Plastic Fragments Hard Plastic Fragments 4.9% 27.9% Unclassified 5.0% Bottle/Container Caps 6.5% Plastic Other 7.8% Plastic Beverage Bottles Foamed Plastic 8.9% 13.6% Plastic Rope/Net Lumber/Building Material 9.8% 11.0%

Alaska - Top Ten - Identifiable Items Only



ALASKA MDMAP DATA NOTES

22 sites, East of Cook Inlet, mixture of accumulation and standing stock surveys

Debris Sources

Local Activities

- Fishing
- Consumer Debris / Activities
- Solid Waste System Leakage

Distant Sources

- Fishing
- Open Ocean Debris
- Shipping / Container Loss

• Other Sources

- Historical Fishing or Infrastructure
- Riverine Inputs
- Shoreline Erosion
 - Formal and informal disposal sites
 - General infrastructure





Debris Sources

• Local v. Distant Sources

- Frequently Intermixed
- Challenge of Identification
 - Weathering
 - Breadth of Distribution
 - Generic / Common Design
- Challenge of Modeling / Variability
 - Hindcast example

Changing Conditions → Increased Activity

- Shipping / Transport
- Resource Extraction
- Fishing
- Tourism







Debris Transport Pathways

CURRENTS





WIND





Benefit of Source & Pathway Understanding

Inform / Improve:

- Prioritization of Cleanup / Removal
 - Where to clean
 - What to target or prepare for

Prioritization of Research

 Targeting research to address questions focused on litter/debris of concern or prevalence

Prioritization of Policy & Prevention

- Stakeholder and industry connections to encourage behavior change
- Where changes to policy can create the largest benefit



Thank You

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